

<b>Алматы</b> (7273)495-231	<b>Иваново</b> (4932)77-34-06	<b>Магнитогорск</b> (3519)55-03-13	<b>Пермь</b> (342)205-81-47	<b>Тверь</b> (4822)63-31-35
<b>Ангарск</b> (3955)60-70-56	<b>Ижевск</b> (3412)26-03-58	<b>Москва</b> (495)268-04-70	<b>Ростов-на-Дону</b> (863)308-18-15	<b>Тольятти</b> (8482)63-91-07
<b>Архангельск</b> (8182)63-90-72	<b>Иркутск</b> (395)279-98-46	<b>Мурманск</b> (8152)59-64-93	<b>Рязань</b> (4912)46-61-64	<b>Томск</b> (3822)98-41-53
<b>Астрахань</b> (8512)99-46-04	<b>Казань</b> (843)206-01-48	<b>Набережные Челны</b> (8552)20-53-41	<b>Самара</b> (846)206-03-16	<b>Тула</b> (4872)33-79-87
<b>Барнаул</b> (3852)73-04-60	<b>Калининград</b> (4012)72-03-81	<b>Нижний Новгород</b> (831)429-08-12	<b>Саранск</b> (8342)22-96-24	<b>Тюмень</b> (3452)66-21-18
<b>Белгород</b> (4722)40-23-64	<b>Калуга</b> (4842)92-23-67	<b>Новокузнецк</b> (3843)20-46-81	<b>Санкт-Петербург</b> (812)309-46-40	<b>Ульяновск</b> (8422)24-23-59
<b>Благовещенск</b> (4162)22-76-07	<b>Кемерово</b> (3842)65-04-62	<b>Ноябрьск</b> (3496)41-32-12	<b>Саратов</b> (845)249-38-78	<b>Улан-Удэ</b> (3012)59-97-51
<b>Брянск</b> (4832)59-03-52	<b>Киров</b> (8332)68-02-04	<b>Новосибирск</b> (383)227-86-73	<b>Севастополь</b> (8692)22-31-93	<b>Уфа</b> (347)229-48-12
<b>Владивосток</b> (423)249-28-31	<b>Коломна</b> (4966)23-41-49	<b>Омск</b> (3812)21-46-40	<b>Симферополь</b> (3652)67-13-56	<b>Хабаровск</b> (4212)92-98-04
<b>Владикавказ</b> (8672)28-90-48	<b>Кострома</b> (4942)77-07-48	<b>Орел</b> (4862)44-53-42	<b>Смоленск</b> (4812)29-41-54	<b>Чебоксары</b> (8352)28-53-07
<b>Владимир</b> (4922)49-43-18	<b>Краснодар</b> (861)203-40-90	<b>Оренбург</b> (3532)37-68-04	<b>Сочи</b> (862)225-72-31	<b>Челябинск</b> (351)202-03-61
<b>Волгоград</b> (844)278-03-48	<b>Красноярск</b> (391)204-63-61	<b>Пенза</b> (8412)22-31-16	<b>Ставрополь</b> (8652)20-65-13	<b>Череповец</b> (8202)49-02-64
<b>Вологда</b> (8172)26-41-59	<b>Курск</b> (4712)77-13-04	<b>Петрозаводск</b> (8142)55-98-37	<b>Сургут</b> (3462)77-98-35	<b>Чита</b> (3022)38-34-83
<b>Воронеж</b> (473)204-51-73	<b>Курган</b> (3522)50-90-47	<b>Псков</b> (8112)59-10-37	<b>Сыктывкар</b> (8212)25-95-17	<b>Якутск</b> (4112)23-90-97
<b>Екатеринбург</b> (343)384-55-89	<b>Липецк</b> (4742)52-20-81		<b>Тамбов</b> (4752)50-40-97	<b>Ярославль</b> (4852)69-52-93

Россия +7(495)268-04-70

Казахстан +7(7172)727-132

Киргизия +996(312)96-26-47

[www.sigmaaldrich.nt-rt.ru](http://www.sigmaaldrich.nt-rt.ru) | | [scx@nt-rt.ru](mailto:scx@nt-rt.ru)

# Технические характеристики на биомедицинские материалы компании **Sigma-Aldrich**

**Виды товаров:** биоразлагаемые полимеры, природные полимеры, блок-сополимеры, дендритные молекулы, гидрофильные полимеры, акриловые полимеры, эфирные полимеры, фторуглеродные полимеры, полистирольные полимеры, поливинилхлоридные полимеры, поли n-винилпирролидон, полимеры, полимерные микросферы и наночастицы, биосовместимые материалы и биочернила для 3D-биопечати и тканевой инженерии, наборы рецептур для доставки лекарств, реагенты, микрофлюидные устройства и наборы для скрининга нанополимеров и др.

# Biomedical Polymers



Polymers are an important class of biomaterials that can be engineered to specifically interact with biological systems for therapeutic or diagnostic purposes. The molecular compositions and architectures of polymers can be tuned to enhance desired properties, such as biodegradability, biocompatibility, and mechanical strength.

- **BIODEGRADABLE POLYMERS**

- Biodegradable polymers are a special category of biopolymers that can undergo hydrolytic or [enzymatic](#) degradation and result in natural byproducts, such as gases, water, biomass, and inorganic salts. Biodegradable polymers are commonly used in controlled/sustained release drug delivery, tissue engineering and temporary prosthetic implants. We offer fit-for-purpose biodegradable polymers with a range of molecular weights and degradation rates.

- **NATURAL POLYMERS**

- Natural polymers are polymers from a natural source, with or without chemical modifications. Natural polymers and their derivatives are biodegradable and biocompatible. Their degradation rate is generally inversely proportional to the extent of chemical modification. Our comprehensive natural polymer portfolio covers gelatin, collagen, cellulose, starch, lignin, chitin and chitosan, and various polysaccharides for a wide range of biomedical applications.

- **BLOCK COPOLYMERS**

- Block copolymers undergo microphase separation and form ordered morphologies at equilibrium. These morphologies can be micelles, spheres, cylinders, lamellae, or surface patterning. Block copolymers with broader distributions of chain lengths are employed as surfactants/detergents and are useful in sol-gel chemistry and drug delivery applications.

- **DENDRITIC MOLECULES**

- We offer a diverse selection of dendritic molecules. Dendrimers, dendrons and linear dendritic molecules are a family of synthetic macromolecules containing many branches, and thus a multitude of peripheral groups. They adopt nanometer-scale dimensions, and can be ideal candidates for drug delivery, gene transfection applications.

423173

**(Hydroxypropyl)methyl cellulose**

average  $M_n$  ~120,000



423203

**(Hydroxypropyl)methyl cellulose**

average  $M_n$  ~86,000



423181

**(Hydroxypropyl)methyl cellulose**

average  $M_n$  ~90,000



423238

**(Hydroxypropyl)methyl cellulose**

average  $M_n$  ~10,000



308633

**2-Hydroxyethyl cellulose**

average  $M_w$  ~380,000



434973

**2-Hydroxyethyl cellulose**

average  $M_v$  ~720,000



434965

**2-Hydroxyethyl cellulose**

average  $M_v$  ~90,000



434981

**2-Hydroxyethyl cellulose**

average  $M_v$  ~1,300,000



909912

**3arm-poly(lactide-co-glycolide)**

average  $M_n$  38,000-60,000, lactide:glycolide 55:45



909904

**4arm-poly(lactide-co-glycolide)**

average  $M_n$  38,000-60,000, lactide:glycolide 55:45



923850

**Alginate Aldehyde**

20% aldehyde content, medium viscosity



923842

**Alginate Aldehyde**

35% aldehyde content, medium viscosity



912387

**Alginate methacrylate**

high viscosity, degree of methacrylation: 20-40%



913057

**Alginate methacrylate**

medium viscosity, degree of methacrylation: 10-30%



180947

**Alginic acid sodium salt**

powder



909157

**Alkyne functionalized gelatin**

degree of substitution > 80%



901456

**Amine poly(ethylene glycol)-block-poly(lactide-co-glycolide)**

PEG average  $M_n$  5000, PLGA average  $M_n$  15000, lactide:glycolide 50:50



907723

**Azide functionalized gelatin**

degree of substitution >80%



909882

**Biotin-poly(ethylene glycol)-b-poly(lactide-co-glycolide)**

PEG average  $M_n$  2,000, PLGA average  $M_n$  10,000, lactide:glycolide 50:50



806153

**bis-MPA-Acetylene dendrimer**

trimethylol propane core, generation 3

806129

**bis-MPA-Azide dendrimer**

trimethylol propane core, generation 3



806110

**bis-MPA-Azide dendrimer**

trimethylol propane core, generation 5



806137

**bis-MPA-Azide dendrimer**

trimethylol propane core, generation 1



806099

**bis-MPA-COOH dendrimer**

trimethylol propane core, generation 1



806064

**bis-MPA-COOH dendrimer**

trimethylol propane core, generation 2



806072

**bis-MPA-COOH dendrimer**

trimethylol propane core, generation 4



901322

**Bis-MPA-NHBoc dendrimer**

generation 4



805939

**bis-MPA-OH dendrimer**

trimethylol propane core, generation 2



911550

**Bis-MPA-RAFT dendrimer**

trimethylol propane core, generation 1



804614

**Bovine Collagen Solution**

Type I, Acid soluble telocollagen, 6 mg/mL, sterile filtered, BSE-Free, suitable for biomedical research



804622

**Bovine Collagen Solution**

Type I, 6 mg/mL, ≥95%, sterile filtered, BSE-Free, suitable for biomedical research



804592

**Bovine Collagen Solution**

Type I, 3 mg/mL, ≥95%, sterile filtered, BSE-Free, suitable for biomedical research



900743

**Branched PEI-g-PEG**

PEG  $M_n$  5,000



900926

**Branched PEI-g-PEG**

PEG  $M_n$  550



902071

**Carboxylic acid poly(ethylene glycol)-block-poly(lactide-co-glycolide)**

PEG average  $M_n$  5000, PLGA average  $M_n$  15000, lactide:glycolide (50:50)



915599

**Carboxylic acid-poly(ethylene glycol)-b-poly( $\epsilon$ -caprolactone)**

PEG average  $M_n$  2,000, PCL average  $M_n$  5,000



901702

**Carboxylic acid-poly(ethylene glycol)-b-poly( $\epsilon$ -caprolactone)**

PEG average  $M_n$  5000, PCL average  $M_n$  5000



909858

**Carboxylic acid-poly(ethylene glycol)-b-poly(lactide-co-glycolide)**

PEG average  $M_n$  5,000, PLGA average  $M_n$  20,000, lactide:glycolide 50:50



184659

**Cellulose, cyanoethylated**

extent of labeling: ~2.6 mol cyanoethylation per mol cellulose (D.S.)



417963

**Chitosan**

from shrimp shells, practical grade

419419

**Chitosan**

high molecular weight



448869

**Chitosan**

low molecular weight



448877

**Chitosan**

medium molecular weight



926167

**Chitosan glycidyl methacrylate**

Degree of methacrylation ~20%



523682

**Chitosan oligosaccharide lactate**

average  $M_n$  5,000



922412

**EncapGel™ sustained release hydrogel for drug delivery**



799629

**EncapGel-Cx Kit, chemically crosslinkable sIPN hydrogel kit**



799610

**EncapGel-UV Kit, photo-crosslinkable sIPN hydrogel kit**



433837

**Ethyl cellulose**

viscosity 46 cP, 5 % in toluene/ethanol 80:20(lit.), extent of labeling: 48% ethoxyl



200697

**Ethyl cellulose**

viscosity 22 cP, 5 % in toluene/ethanol 80:20(lit.), extent of labeling: 48% ethoxyl



200689

**Ethyl cellulose**

viscosity 10 cP, 5 % in toluene/ethanol 80:20(lit.), extent of labeling: 48% ethoxyl



200654

**Ethyl cellulose**

viscosity 300 cP, 5 % in toluene/ethanol 80:20(lit.), extent of labeling: 48% ethoxyl



200646

**Ethyl cellulose**

viscosity 4 cP, 5 % in toluene/ethanol 80:20(lit.), extent of labeling: 48% ethoxyl



247499

**Ethyl cellulose**

viscosity 100 cP, 5 % in toluene/ethanol 80:20(lit.), extent of labeling: 48% ethoxyl



909769

**Folate-poly(ethylene glycol)-b-poly(lactide-co-glycolide)**

PEG average  $M_n$  2,000, PLGA average  $M_n$  10,000, lactide:glycolide 50:50



934798

**Gelatin acrylate**

gel strength 300 g Bloom, degree of substitution 60%



900496

**Gelatin methacryloyl**

gel strength 300 g Bloom, 80% degree of substitution



900629

**Gelatin methacryloyl**

gel strength 300 g Bloom, degree of substitution 40%



900628

**Gelatin methacryloyl**

gel strength 90-110 g Bloom, degree of substitution 60%



900741

**Gelatin methacryloyl**

gel strength 170-195 g Bloom, degree of substitution: 60%

900629

**Gelatin methacryloyl**

gel strength 300 g Bloom, degree of substitution 40%



924504

**Gelatin Type A**

300 Bloom, Low endotoxin



923869

**Gelatin-Rhodamine B**

gel strength 300 g Bloom, 1-10  $\mu\text{mol}$  Rhodamine B per g gelatin



924199

**GelMA-RB**

60% methacrylation, 1  $\mu\text{mol}$  Rhodamine B per gram material



373885

**Glycerol propoxylate-block-ethoxylate**

average  $M_n \sim 5,300$



926175

**Glycol Chitosan Methacrylate**

Degree of methacrylation  $\sim 45\%$





924474

**Hyaluronic Acid**

Low Viscosity, Low endotoxin



914800

**Hyaluronic acid methacrylate**

Degree of substitution: 10% - 30%,  $M_w$  170,000-250,000



914568

**Hyaluronic acid methacrylate**

degree of substitution 20-50%,  $M_w$  40-70 kDa



914304

**Hyaluronic acid methacrylate**

degree of substitution 20-50%,  $M_w$  140-190 kDa



924490

**Hyaluronic acid methacrylate**

Low Viscosity, Low Endotoxin, 0.2 um sterile filtered, 0.2  $\mu$ m, sterile-filtered



525944

**Hydroxyethylcellulose ethoxylate, quaternized**



191892

**Hydroxypropyl cellulose**

average  $M_w$  ~370,000, powder, 20 mesh particle size (99% through)



191906

**Hydroxypropyl cellulose**

average  $M_w$  ~1,000,000, powder, 20 mesh particle size (99% through)



191884

**Hydroxypropyl cellulose**

average  $M_w$  ~100,000, powder, 20 mesh particle size (99% through)



435007

**Hydroxypropyl cellulose**

average  $M_w$  ~80,000, average  $M_n$  ~10,000, powder, 20 mesh particle size (99% through)



686603

**Hyperbranched bis-MPA polyester-16-hydroxyl, generation 2**

≥97%



686581

**Hyperbranched bis-MPA polyester-32-hydroxyl, generation 3**

≥97%



686573

**Hyperbranched bis-MPA polyester-64-hydroxyl, generation 4**

≥97%



806307

**Hyperbranched G3-PEG20k-OH**

370959

**Lignin, alkali**



471003

**Lignin, alkali**



471054

**Lignosulfonic acid calcium salt**

average  $M_w$  ~18,000, average  $M_n$  ~2,500



471038

**Lignosulfonic acid sodium salt**

average  $M_w$  ~52,000, average  $M_n$  ~7,000



919373

**Low endotoxin alginate**

Medium viscosity



918652

**Low endotoxin alginate solution**

Medium viscosity, 0.2  $\mu$ m, sterile-filtered



920037

**Low endotoxin gelatin from bovine bone**

gel strength 300 (bloom)



901757

**Low endotoxin gelatin from porcine skin**

gel strength 100 (Bloom), <10 EU/g



901756

**Low endotoxin gelatin from porcine skin**

gel strength 240-360 (Bloom), <10 EU/g Endotoxin



920010

**Low endotoxin gelatin from porcine skin**

gel strength >300 g Bloom



918644

**Low endotoxin gelatin solution**

gel strength (bloom 300)



920045

**Low endotoxin GelMA**

mol wt 95 kDa, degree of substitution 60%



918628

**Low endotoxin GelMA**

gel strength 300 (Bloom), degree of substitution 80%, GelMA Type B



922188

**Low endotoxin GelMA**

bloom 300, Type A, degree of substitution 80%



918636

**Low endotoxin GelMA solution**

gel strength 300 (bloom), degree of substitution 80%, 0.2 µm, sterile-filtered, GelMA Type B



920029

**Low endotoxin non-gelling gelatin from porcine skin**

$M_w \leq 6500$



925462

**Maleimide poly(ethylene glycol)-block-poly(lactide-co-glycolide)**

PEG average  $M_n$  5,000, PLGA average  $M_n$  15,000, lactide:glycolide 50:50



915343

**Maleimide-poly(ethylene glycol)-b-poly(ε-caprolactone)**

PEG average  $M_n$  5,000, PCL average  $M_n$  10,000



902381

**Maleimide-poly(ethylene glycol)-b-poly(ε-caprolactone)**

PEG average  $M_n$  5000, PCL average  $M_n$  5000



924482

**Methacrylated Alginate**

Medium Viscosity, Low endotoxin

900658

**Methoxy poly(ethylene glycol)-b-poly(D,L-lactide)**

5k-5k



900659

**Methoxy poly(ethylene glycol)-b-poly(D,L-lactide)**

5k-10k



900657

**Methoxy poly(ethylene glycol)-b-poly(D,L-lactide)**

2k-5k



900661

**Methoxy poly(ethylene glycol)-b-poly(D,L-lactide)**

4k-2.2k



900655

**Methoxy poly(ethylene glycol)-b-poly(L-lactide)**

2k-5k



900656

**Methoxy poly(ethylene glycol)-b-poly(L-lactide)**

5k-10k



900671

**Methoxy poly(ethylene glycol)-block-poly( $\epsilon$ -caprolactone)**

5k-2k



900672

**Methoxy poly(ethylene glycol)-block-poly( $\epsilon$ -caprolactone)**

5k-10k



900648

**Methoxy poly(ethylene glycol)-block-poly( $\epsilon$ -caprolactone)**

2k-5k



900649

**Methoxy poly(ethylene glycol)-block-poly( $\epsilon$ -caprolactone)**

2k-2k



435015

**Methyl 2-hydroxyethyl cellulose**



806730

**Modified bovine gelatin type B-PEG-Cys**

0.2 µm filtered



806749

**Modified Bovine Gelatin type B-PEG-thiol**

0.2 µm filtered



920819

**mPEG functionalized alginate**

5% +/- 2% PEGylation, PEG average  $M_n$  1k



767700

**Mytilus edulis foot protein-1**

1 mg/mL (in 1% citric acid), sterile



767719

**Mytilus edulis foot protein-1**

10 mg/mL (in 1% citric acid)



933899

**N-(2-Hydroxy) propyl-3-trimethylammonium chitosan chloride**

degree of quaternization 50%



909874

**N-Hydroxysuccinimide ester-poly(ethylene glycol)-b-poly(D,L lactide)**

PEG average  $M_n$  5,000, PDLA average  $M_n$  16,000



901841

**N-Hydroxysuccinimide ester-poly(ethylene glycol)-b-poly(ε-caprolactone)**

PEG average  $M_n$  5,000, PCL average  $M_n$  5,000



902241

**N-Hydroxysuccinimide poly(ethylene glycol)-block-poly(lactide-co-glycolide)**

PEG average  $M_n$  5000, PLGA average  $M_n$  15000, lactide:glycolide 50:50

4270101

**Novatach™ VLVG GRGDSP**

GRGDSP-peptide coupled high G low MW sodium alginate, guluronic acid contentguluronic acid content ≥60 %



930482

**Oligo(poly(ethylene glycol) fumarate)**

average  $M_n$  4,500



664138

**PAMAM Dendrimer Kit, generations 0-3**



664049

**PAMAM Dendrimer Kit, generations 4-7**



526142

**PAMAM dendrimer, ethylenediamine core, generation 0**



635871

**PAMAM-succinamic acid dendrimer, 1,4-diaminobutane core, generation 4 solution**

10 wt. % in H<sub>2</sub>O



635898

**PAMAM-succinamic acid dendrimer, 1,4-diaminobutane core, generation 5 solution**

10 wt. % in H<sub>2</sub>O



929611

**PCL-PEG-PCL diacrylate**

PCL average M<sub>n</sub> 800, PEG average M<sub>n</sub> 4000



929786

**PCL-PEG-PCL diacrylate**

PCL average M<sub>n</sub> 200, PEG average M<sub>n</sub> 1000



230286

**Phosphonitrilic chloride trimer**

99%



925640

**Poly (ethylene glycol)-block-Poly (sulfobetaine methacrylate)**

PEG average M<sub>n</sub> 5000, PSBMA M<sub>n</sub> 13,000



363502

**Poly[(R)-3-hydroxybutyric acid]**

natural origin



27826

**Poly[(R)-3-hydroxybutyric acid-co-(R)-3-hydroxyvaleric acid]**

~9:1



908533

**Poly(D,L-lactide-b-glycolide) lactide:glycolide 50:50**

diamine, viscosity 0.035 dL/g



908517

**Poly(D,L-lactide-b-glycolide) lactide:glycolide 50:50**

amine terminated, average  $M_n$  5,000



430471

**Poly(D,L-lactide-co-glycolide)**

ester terminated,  $M_w$  50,000-75,000



P2066

**Poly(D,L-lactide-co-glycolide)**

lactide:glycolide 65:35,  $M_w$  40,000-75,000



802182

**Poly(D,L-lactide-co-glycolide)**

lactide:glycolide (50:50), ester terminated, average  $M_w$  100,000



805726

**Poly(D,L-lactide-co-glycolide)**

lactide:glycolide 50:50,  $M_w$  45,000 g/mol



900571

**Poly(D,L-lactide-co-glycolide) ester terminated**

lactide:glycolide 80:20,  $M_w$  200,000

900664

**Poly(D,L-lactide-co-glycolide)(50:50)-b-poly(ethylene glycol)**

10k-2k



900662

**Poly(D,L-lactide-co-glycolide)(85/15)-b-poly(ethylene glycol)-carboxylic acid**

5k-13k



900327

**Poly(D,L-lactide-co-trimethylene carbonate)**

lactide:TMC 50:50, viscosity 1.5 dL/g



457639

**Poly(D,L-lactide-co-caprolactone)**

DL-lactide 40 mol %



457647

**Poly(D,L-lactide-co-caprolactone)**

DL-lactide 86 mol %



568562

**Poly(L-lactide-co-caprolactone-co-glycolide)**

L-lactide 70 %, average  $M_n$  ~50,000 by GPC



900321

**Poly(L-lactide-co-caprolactone)**

lactide:caprolactone 35:65, viscosity 1.5 dL/g



900312

**Poly(L-lactide-co-caprolactone)**

lactide:caprolactone 15:85, viscosity 1.5 dL/g



900300

**Poly(L-lactide-co-caprolactone)**

lactide:caprolactone 60:40, viscosity 1.5 dL/g



901021

**Poly(L-lactide-co-glycolide)**

10:90, viscosity 1.7 dL/g



900289

**Poly(L-lactide-co-glycolide)**

lactide:glycolide 20:80, viscosity 1.6 dL/g



915890

**Poly((R)-3-hydroxybutyrate-co-(R)-3-hydroxyhexanoate)**

natural origin, PHH content 15.2 %



916145

**Poly((R)-3-hydroxybutyrate-co-(R)-3-hydroxyvalerate-co-(R)-3-hydroxyhexanoate)**

natural origin, PHH content 4.1 %, PHV content 2.3 %



403105

**Poly(3-hydroxybutyric acid-co-3-hydroxyvaleric acid)**

natural origin, PHV content 8 mol %



916358

**Poly(3-hydroxybutyric acid)**

average  $M_n$  10,000



915092

**Poly(3-hydroxybutyric acid)**

natural origin, average  $M_n$  ~500,000



652717

**Poly(bis(4-carboxyphenoxy)phosphazene)**





901007

**Poly(caprolactone-co-glycolide)**

30:70, viscosity 1.6 dL/g



900313

**Poly(caprolactone-co-glycolide)**

caprolactone:glycolide 45:55, viscosity 1.5 dL/g



901011

**Poly(caprolactone-co-glycolide)**

40:60, viscosity 1.6 dL/g

908525

**Poly(D,L-lactide-b-glycolide) lactide:glycolide 75:25**

amine (dihydrazide) terminated, average  $M_n$  12,000



806358

**Poly(D,L-lactide-co-glycolide) acid terminated**

lactide:glycolide 75:25,  $M_w$  6,000-10,000



901020

**Poly(dioxanone-co-glycolide)**

90:10, viscosity 2.0 dL/g



900653

**Poly( $\epsilon$ -caprolactone)-b-poly(ethylene glycol)-b-poly( $\epsilon$ -caprolactone)**

5k-10k-5k



900670

**Poly( $\epsilon$ -caprolactone)-b-poly(ethylene glycol)-b-poly( $\epsilon$ -caprolactone)**

2k-2k-2k



900669

**Poly( $\epsilon$ -caprolactone)-b-poly(ethylene glycol)-b-poly( $\epsilon$ -caprolactone)**

6k-6k-6k



901397

**Poly(ethylene glycol) linear dendrimer**

NHBoc terminated, PEG  $M_n$  6000, generation 4



911364

**Poly(ethylene glycol) linear dendrimer**

carboxyl terminated, PEG  $M_n$  10k, generation 4



911186

**Poly(ethylene glycol) linear dendrimer**

carboxyl terminated, PEG  $M_n$  10K, generation 5



911240

**Poly(ethylene glycol) linear dendron**

carboxyl terminated, PEG  $M_n$  10,000, generation 4



911313

**Poly(ethylene glycol) linear dendron**

carboxyl terminated, PEG  $M_n$  10,000, generation 1



911321

**Poly(ethylene glycol) linear dendron**

carboxyl terminated, PEG  $M_n$  10,000, generation 2



764779

**Poly(ethylene glycol) methyl ether-block-poly(D,L lactide)**

PEG average  $M_n$  2,000, PDLLA average  $M_n$  2,000



918962

**Poly(ethylene glycol) methyl ether-block-poly(D,L lactide)**

PEG average  $M_n$  5000, PDLA average  $M_n$  50000



918946

**Poly(ethylene glycol) methyl ether-block-poly(D,L lactide)**

PEG average  $M_n$  5000, PDLLA average  $M_n$  20000



764736

**Poly(ethylene glycol) methyl ether-block-poly(D,L lactide)-block-decane**

PEG average  $M_n$  2,000, PDLLA average  $M_n$  2,000



799041

**Poly(ethylene glycol) methyl ether-block-poly(L-lactide-co-glycolide)**

PEG average  $M_n$  5,000, PLGA average  $M_n$  25,000, lactide:glycolide 50:50



764760

**Poly(ethylene glycol) methyl ether-block-poly(lactide-co-glycolide)**

PEG average  $M_n$  2,000, PLGA average  $M_n$  11,500



764825

**Poly(ethylene glycol) methyl ether-block-poly(lactide-co-glycolide)**

PEG  $M_n$  2,000, PLGA  $M_n$  4,500



764752

**Poly(ethylene glycol) methyl ether-block-poly(lactide-co-glycolide)**

PEG average  $M_n$  5,000, PLGA  $M_n$  55,000

765139

**Poly(ethylene glycol) methyl ether-block-poly(lactide-co-glycolide)**

PEG average  $M_n$  5,000, PLGA  $M_n$  7,000



911410

**Poly(ethylene glycol) methyl ether-block-poly(lactide-co-glycolide)**

PEG average  $M_n$  5,000, PLGA average  $M_n$  10,000, lactide:glycolide 80:20



911429

**Poly(ethylene glycol) methyl ether-block-poly(lactide-co-glycolide)**

PEG average  $M_n$  5,000, PLGA average  $M_n$  5,000, lactide:glycolide 80:20



900948

**Poly(ethylene glycol) methyl ether-block-poly(lactide-co-glycolide)**

PEG average  $M_n$  5,000, PLGA  $M_n$  15,000, lactide:glycolide 50:50



900950

**Poly(ethylene glycol) methyl ether-block-poly(lactide-co-glycolide)**

PEG average  $M_n$  5,000, PLGA  $M_n$  5,000, lactide:glycolide 50:50



900951

**Poly(ethylene glycol) methyl ether-block-poly(lactide-co-glycolide)**

PEG average  $M_n$  5,000, PLGA  $M_n$  10,000, lactide:glycolide 50:50



900949

**Poly(ethylene glycol) methyl ether-block-poly(lactide-co-glycolide)**

PEG average  $M_n$  5,000, PLGA  $M_n$  20,000, lactide:glycolide 50:50



913138

**Poly(ethylene glycol) methyl ether-block-poly(lactide-co-glycolide)**

PEG average  $M_n$  2,000, PLGA average  $M_n$  10,000, lactide:glycolide 50:50



900921

**Poly(ethylene glycol) methyl ether-block-poly(lactide-co-glycolide)**

PEG average  $M_n$  2,000, PLGA  $M_n$  3,000, lactide:glycolide 50:50



911399

**Poly(ethylene glycol) methyl ether-block-poly(lactide-co-glycolide)**

PEG average  $M_n$  2,000, PLGA average  $M_n$  10,000, lactide:glycolide 80:20



900842

**Poly(ethylene glycol) methyl ether-block-poly(lactide-co-glycolide)**

PEG average  $M_n$  5,000, PLGA  $M_n$  15,000, lactide:glycolide 80:20



435422

**Poly(ethylene glycol)-block-poly(propylene glycol)-block-poly(ethylene glycol)**

average  $M_n \sim 2,000$



925632

**Poly(ethylene glycol)-block-Poly(2-methacryloyloxyethyl phosphorylcholine)**

PEG average  $M_n$  5000,

PMPC  $M_n$  21,000



570303

**Poly(ethylene glycol)-block-poly( $\epsilon$ -caprolactone) methyl ether**

PCL average  $M_n \sim 5,000$ , PEG average  $M_n \sim 5,000$



570311

**Poly(ethylene glycol)-block-poly( $\epsilon$ -caprolactone) methyl ether**

PEG average  $M_n \sim 5,000$ , PCL average  $M_n \sim 13,000$



570338

**Poly(ethylene glycol)-block-poly( $\epsilon$ -caprolactone) methyl ether**

PEG average  $M_n \sim 5,000$ , PCL average  $M_n \sim 32,000$



925659

**Poly(ethylene glycol)-block-poly(lactide-*alt*-glycolide)**

PEG average  $M_n$  5,000, PLGA  $M_n$  15,000



435414

**Poly(ethylene glycol)-block-poly(propylene glycol)-block-poly(ethylene glycol)**

average  $M_n \sim 1,900$



412325

**Poly(ethylene glycol)-block-poly(propylene glycol)-block-poly(ethylene glycol)**

average  $M_n \sim 8,400$



435465

**Poly(ethylene glycol)-block-poly(propylene glycol)-block-poly(ethylene glycol)**

average  $M_n \sim 5,800$

435465

**Poly(ethylene glycol)-block-poly(propylene glycol)-block-poly(ethylene glycol)**

average  $M_n \sim 5,800$



435406

**Poly(ethylene glycol)-block-poly(propylene glycol)-block-poly(ethylene glycol)**

average  $M_n \sim 1,100$



542342

**Poly(ethylene glycol)-block-poly(propylene glycol)-block-poly(ethylene glycol)**

average  $M_n \sim 14,600$



435414

**Poly(ethylene glycol)-block-poly(propylene glycol)-block-poly(ethylene glycol)**

average  $M_n \sim 1,900$



915858

**Poly(ethylene glycol)-block-poly(propylene glycol)-block-poly(ethylene glycol) diacrylate**

average  $M_n \sim 5,800$



914665

**Poly(ethylene glycol)-block-poly(propylene glycol)-block-poly(ethylene glycol) diacrylate**

average  $M_n \sim 14,600$



901701

**Poly(ethylene glycol)-block-poly(propylene glycol)-block-poly(ethylene glycol) diacrylate**

average  $M_n \sim 12,500$



914169

**Poly(ethylene glycol)-block-poly(propylene glycol)-block-poly(ethylene glycol) dimethacrylate**

average  $M_n \sim 12,500$



913901

**Poly(ethylene glycol)-block-poly(propylene glycol)-block-poly(ethylene glycol) dimethacrylate**

average  $M_n \sim 14,600$



659665

**Poly(ethylene glycol)-block-poly(lactide methyl ether)**

PEG average  $M_n$  350, PLA average  $M_n$  1,000



659657

**Poly(ethylene glycol)-block-poly(lactide methyl ether)**

PEG average  $M_n$  750, PLA average  $M_n$  1,000



915122

**Poly(ethylene oxide)-block-poly(butylene oxide)**

PEG average  $M_n$  2,000, average  $M_n$  2,000 (PBO)



915386

**Poly(ethylene oxide)-block-poly(butylene oxide)**

PEG average  $M_n$  2,000, average  $M_n$  5,000 (PBO)



933597

**Poly(Guluronate)**

low endotoxin



922692

**Poly(lactide-*alt*-glycolide)**

average  $M_n$  20,000, 50:50 (lactide:glycolide)



922307

**Poly(lactide-*alt*-glycolide)**

average  $M_n$  10000, lactide:glycolide 50:50



908843

**Poly(lactide-co-glycolide)-*b*-poly(ethylene glycol)-*b*-poly(lactide-co-glycolide)**

average  $M_n$  (1,600-1,500-1,600), lactide:glycolide 75:25



909076

**Poly(lactide-co-glycolide)-*b*-poly(ethylene glycol)-*b*-poly(lactide-co-glycolide)**

average  $M_n$  (1,700-1,500-1,700), lactide:glycolide (95:5)



764817

**Poly(lactide-co-glycolide)-*block*-poly(ethylene glycol)-*block*-poly(lactide-co-glycolide)**

average  $M_n$  (1100-1000-1100), lactide:glycolide 75:25



908630

**Poly(lactide-co-glycolide)-Flamma Fluor near-IR**

lactide:glycolide (50:50),  $M_n$  20,000-30,000

908649

**Poly(lactide-co-glycolide)-fluorescein**

lactide:glycolide 50:50,  $M_n$  10,000-20,000



908622

**Poly(lactide-co-glycolide)-Rhodamine B**

lactide:glycolide 50:50,  $M_n$  10,000-30,000



932574

**Poly(oligo(ethylene glycol) methyl ether methacrylate) 300**

average  $M_w$  40 kDa



900328

**Poly(*p*-dioxanone-co-L-lactide)**

viscosity 1.5 dL/g



435503

**Poly(propylene glycol)-block-poly(ethylene glycol)-block-poly(propylene glycol)**

average  $M_n$  ~3,300



435473

**Poly(propylene glycol)-block-poly(ethylene glycol)-block-poly(propylene glycol)**

average  $M_n$  ~2,000



657190

**Poly(sebacic acid), diacetoxo terminated**



900315

**Poly(trimethylene carbonate-co-caprolactone)**

TMC:PCL 90:10, viscosity 1.5 dL/g



900325

**Poly(trimethylene carbonate-co-p-dioxanone-co-L-lactide)**

TMC:PDO:Lactide 14:7:79, viscosity 1.5 dL/g



900293

**Poly(trimethylene carbonate)**

viscosity 1.75 dL/g



900288

**Polycaprolactone**

viscosity 2.2 dL/g



900825

**Polycaprolactone**

viscosity 0.40 dL/g



900820

**Polycaprolactone**

viscosity 1.7 dL/g



704105

**Polycaprolactone**

average  $M_n$  45,000



440744

**Polycaprolactone**

average  $M_n$  80,000



440752

**Polycaprolactone**

average  $M_w$  ~14,000, average  $M_n$  ~10,000 by GPC



914509

**Polycaprolactone diacrylate**

average  $M_n$  10,000



802115

**Polycaprolactone dimethacrylate**

average  $M_n$  800



914762

**Polycaprolactone dimethacrylate**

average  $M_n$  5,000



915106

**Polycaprolactone dimethacrylate**

average  $M_n$  10,000

189405

**Polycaprolactone diol**

average  $M_n$  ~530



189421

**Polycaprolactone diol**

average  $M_n$  ~2,000



900625

**Polycaprolactone diol**

average  $M_n$  10,000



799556

**Polycaprolactone trimethacrylate**

average  $M_n$  950



200387

**Polycaprolactone triol**

average  $M_n$  ~300



526320

**Polycaprolactone-*block*-polytetrahydrofuran-*block*-polycaprolactone**



911569

**Polyester bis-MPA dendron**

no. Surface Groups 4, NHBoc, 1 Biotin (core), generation 2





911275

**Polyester bis-MPA dendron**

2 carboxyl, 1 biotin (core), generation 1



901376

**Polyester bis-MPA dendron**

no. Surface Groups 8, 8 acetylene, 1 NHBoc (core), generation 3



911348

**Polyester bis-MPA dendron**

carboxyl, 1 biotin (core), generation 2, no. Surface Groups 4



911437

**Polyester bis-MPA dendron**

no. Surface Groups 8, 8 NHBoc, 1 biotin (core), generation 3



901355

**Polyester bis-MPA dendron**

16 acetylene, 1 NHBoc (core), generation 4



901311

**Polyester bis-MPA dendron 2 NHBoc, 1 azide (core)**

generation 1



911577

**Polyester bis-MPA dendron 2 NHBoc, 1 Biotin (core)**

generation 1



901393

**Polyester bis-MPA dendron 2 NHBoc, 1 carboxyl (core)**

generation 1



901297

**Polyester bis-MPA dendron 4 NHBoc, 1 azide (core)**

generation 2



911291

**Polyester bis-MPA dendron 8 carboxyl, 1 biotin (core)**

generation 3



901332

**Polyester bis-MPA dendron 8 NHBoc, 1 azide (core)**

generation 3



911518

**Polyester bis-MPA dendron 8 NHBoc, 1 NHS (core)**

generation 3



767123

**Polyester bis-MPA dendron, 16 hydroxyl, 1 thiol**

generation 4

911461

**Polyester bis-MPA dendron, 2 NHBoc, 1 NHS (core)**

generation 1



767301

**Polyester bis-MPA dendron, 4 hydroxyl, 1 acetylene**

generation 2, 95%



911488

**Polyester bis-MPA dendron, 4 NHBoc**

1 NHS (core), generation 2



686654

**Polyester-32-hydroxyl-1-carboxyl bis-MPA dendron, generation 5**

≥97%



686670

**Polyester-8-hydroxyl-1-carboxyl bis-MPA dendron, generation 3**

≥97%



459003

**Polyethylene-block-poly(ethylene glycol)**

average  $M_n$  ~575



458961

**Polyethylene-block-poly(ethylene glycol)**

average  $M_n$  ~1,400



457620

**Polyglycolide**

inherent viscosity 1.4dL/g



659630

**Poly lactide-block-poly(ethylene glycol)-block-poly lactide**

PLA average  $M_n$  1,500, PEG average  $M_n$  900



901910

**Pyridyl disulfide-poly(ethylene glycol)-b-poly( $\epsilon$ -caprolactone)**

PEG average  $M_n$  5000, PCL average  $M_n$  5000



925624

**Redox Responsive Poly(ethylene glycol)-block-poly( $\epsilon$ -caprolactone)**

PEG average  $M_n$  5,000, PCL  $M_n$  15,000



926248

**Redox Responsive Poly(ethylene glycol)-block-poly(lactide-*alt*-glycolide)**

PEG average  $M_n$  5000, PLGA  $M_n$  15000



769762

**Resomer<sup>®</sup> C 209, Poly(caprolactone)**

ester terminated



769754

**Resomer<sup>®</sup> C 212, Poly(caprolactone)**

ester terminated



769851

**Resomer<sup>®</sup> LC 703 S, Poly(L-lactide-co- $\epsilon$ -caprolactone)**

ester terminated, lactide:caprolactone 70:30



769894

**Resomer<sup>®</sup> LG 824 S, Poly(L-lactide-co-glycolide)**

ester terminated, Lactide: Glycolide 82:18, lactide:glycolide 82:12



769886

**Resomer<sup>®</sup> LG 855 S, Poly(L-lactide-co-glycolide)**

ester terminated, lactide:glycolide 85:15



769878

**Resomer<sup>®</sup> LG 857 S, Poly(L-lactide-co-glycolide)**

ester terminated, lactide:glycolide 85:15



719897

**Resomer<sup>®</sup> RG 502 H, Poly(D,L-lactide-co-glycolide)**

acid terminated,  $M_w$  7,000-17,000



719889

**Resomer<sup>®</sup> RG 502, Poly(D,L-Lactide-co-Glycolide)**

lactide:glycolide 50:50, ester terminated,  $M_w$  7,000-17,000

739952

**Resomer<sup>®</sup> RG 503, Poly(D,L-lactide-co-glycolide)**

lactide:glycolide 50:50, ester terminated,  $M_w$  24,000-38,000



739944

**Resomer® RG 504, Poly(D,L-lactide-co-glycolide)**

lactide:glycolide 50:50, ester terminated,  $M_w$  38,000-54,000



739960

**Resomer® RG 505, Poly(D,L-lactide-co-glycolide)**

ester terminated,  $M_w$  54,000-69,000



769770

**Resomer® RG 750 S, Poly(D,L-lactide-co-glycolide)**

ester terminated, lactide:glycolide 75:25



769827

**Resomer® RG 752 S, Poly(D,L-lactide-co-glycolide)**

ester terminated, lactide:glycolide 75:25



769819

**Resomer® RG 753 H, Poly(D,L-lactide-co-glycolide)**

acid terminated



769800

**Resomer® RG 753 S, Poly(D,L-lactide-co-glycolide)**

ester terminated, Lactide: Glycolide 75:25, lactide:glycolide 75:25



769797

**Resomer® RG 755 S, Poly(D,L-lactide-co-glycolide)**

ester terminated



719927

**Resomer® RG 756 S, Poly(D,L-lactide-co-glycolide)**

ester terminated, lactide:glycolide 75:25,  $M_w$  76,000-115,000



769789

**Resomer® RG 757 S, Poly(D,L-lactide-co-glycolide)**

ester terminated, Lactide: Glycolide 75:25, lactide:glycolide 75:25



739979

**Resomer® RG 858 S, Poly(D,L-lactide-co-glycolide)**

ester terminated, lactide:glycolide 85:15,  $M_w$  190,000-240,000



925802

**Silk fibroin**

average mol wt 100 kDa (water soluble)



419273

**Sodium carboxymethyl cellulose**

average  $M_w$  ~90,000



419303

**Sodium carboxymethyl cellulose**

average  $M_w$  ~250,000, degree of substitution 0.9



419311

**Sodium carboxymethyl cellulose**

average  $M_w$  ~250,000, degree of substitution 0.7



419281

**Sodium carboxymethyl cellulose**

average  $M_w$  ~250,000, degree of substitution 1.2



419338

**Sodium carboxymethyl cellulose**

average  $M_w$  ~700,000



904643

**Thiol functionalized gelatin**



901941

**Thiol poly(ethylene glycol)-block-poly(lactide-co-glycolide)**

PEG average  $M_n$  5,000, PLGA average  $M_n$  15,000, lactide:glycolide 50:50



912034

**Trimethyl chitosan**

high molecular weight, degree of quaternization 30-70%

912700

**Trimethyl chitosan**

low molecular weight, degree of quaternization >50%



912034

**Trimethyl chitosan**

high molecular weight, degree of quaternization 30-70%

# Hydrophobic Polymers



Hydrophobic, or water-resistant polymers, are materials that are insoluble in water or other polar solvents and include acrylics, epoxies, polyethylene, polystyrene, polyvinylchloride, polytetrafluorethylene, polydimethylsiloxane, polyesters, and polyurethanes. Our hydrophobic polymers are used as coatings, adhesives, fibers, films, and engineering plastics. Moreover, they are extensively employed as [biomedical polymers](#) for vascular grafts, implants, drug delivery, and ophthalmic applications.

Breakthroughs feel closer than ever with our comprehensive portfolio of hydrophobic polymers, classified according to chemical class and monomer functionality.

---

## ACRYLIC POLYMERS

Acrylics include various acrylic, acrylonitrile, acrylamide, and maleic anhydride polymers. These homo- and co-polymers have rigid, flexible, hydrophilic, or hydrophobic properties. Most of these polymers are thermoplastics and can be readily converted into a desired shape by a thermal process. Hence, they are commonly used in polymer coatings, adhesives, and fibers.

## ETHER POLYMERS

Ethers have ether functionality in the main chain. They tend to be flexible and provide impact resistance to bulk properties. Many polyethers have functional groups at their chain ends and are used to prepare higher molecular weight polymers. Thus, they could also be classified as macromonomers and are commonly used in the preparation of polyesters and polyurethanes. Poly(propylene glycol) polymers and oligomers (DOWANOL®) are included in this category.

## FLUOROCARBON POLYMERS

Fluorocarbon polymers are unique materials in that the polymer is not "wet" by hydrophilic or hydrophobic materials. They have very low coefficients of friction and have outstanding chemical and thermal resistance properties. Copolymers can be melt-processed more readily than poly(tetra-fluoroethylene).

## POLYSTYRENE POLYMERS

Polystyrene and its copolymers have found important applications as films, foams, and structural components. Copolymers with diene monomers are cross-linked to improve physical properties and generate thermoplastic elastomers. Polystyrene film is highly transparent to visible radiation and has a high refractive index.

## **POLY(VINYL CHLORIDE) POLYMERS**

Poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC) is often highly plasticized to improve rheology for melt processing. It is highly susceptible to UV and high-temperature degradation and stabilizers are commonly added.

## **POLY(N-VINYLPYRROLIDONE) (PVP) POLYMERS**

Poly(N-vinylpyrrolidone) (PVP) is a polar polymer with excellent film-forming and adhesion properties. It is commonly used in formulating hair sprays and hand creams as well as in the textile industry due to its affinity for many dyestuffs. PVP is a biocompatible polymer that has been used as a blood plasma substitute, although this application is becoming uncommon.

520462

**Di(propylene glycol) dimethyl ether, mixture of isomers**

≥99.1%



484202

**Di(propylene glycol) methyl ether acetate, mixture of isomers**

≥98%



429201

**Nylon 6/6**

pellets



531367

**Poly[(isobutylene-*alt*-maleic acid, ammonium salt)-co-(isobutylene-*alt*-maleic anhydride)]**

average  $M_w$  ~60,000



458147

**Poly[trimethylolpropane/di(propylene glycol)-*alt*-adipic acid/phthalic anhydride], polyol**

average  $M_n$  ~500



181501

**Poly(1,4-butylene adipate)**

average  $M_w$  ~12,000 by GPC



190942

**Poly(1,4-butylene terephthalate)**

average  $M_v$  ~38,000, pellets



181366

**Poly(4-bromostyrene)**

average  $M_w$  ~65,000 by GPC, powder



434124

**Poly(4-chlorostyrene)**

average  $M_w$  ~75,000 by GPC, powder



436216

**Poly(4-vinylphenol)**

$M_w$  ~11,000



472344

**Poly(4-vinylpyridine)**

average  $M_w$  ~60,000



472352

**Poly(4-vinylpyridine)**

average  $M_w$  ~160,000



547689

**Poly(4-vinylpyridine), cross-linked**

Reillex® 402 ion-exchange resin, 2 % cross-linked with divinylbenzene



226963

**Poly(4-vinylpyridine), cross-linked**

2 % cross-linked with divinylbenzene, powder



473146

**Poly(dicyclopentadiene-co-p-cresol)**

solid



181919

**Poly(ethylene adipate)**

average  $M_w$  ~10,000 by GPC



438200

**Poly(ethylene glycol-ran-propylene glycol)**

average  $M_n$  ~12,000



438197

**Poly(ethylene glycol-ran-propylene glycol)**

$M_n$  ~2,500



438189



**Poly(ethylene glycol-ran-propylene glycol) monobutyl ether**

average  $M_n$  ~3,900



182036

**Poly(ethylene succinate)**

average  $M_w$  10,000

429252

**Poly(ethylene terephthalate)**

granular



426717

**Poly(ethylene-co-acrylic acid)**

acrylic acid 5 wt. %, beads



437239

**Poly(ethylene-co-vinyl acetate)**

vinyl acetate 18 wt. %, melt index 8 g/10 min (190°C/2.16kg), contains 200-900 ppm BHT as inhibitor



437247

**Poly(ethylene-co-vinyl acetate)**

vinyl acetate 12 wt. %, melt index 8 g/10 min (190°C/2.16kg)



340502

**Poly(ethylene-co-vinyl acetate)**

vinyl acetate 40 wt. %, melt index (41-63 dg/min (190°C/2.16kg)), contains 190-910 ppm inhibitor



531278

**Poly(isobutylene-*alt*-maleic anhydride)**

average  $M_w$  ~6,000, 12-200 mesh (85%)



202355

**Poly(propylene glycol)**

average  $M_n$  ~4,000



202347

**Poly(propylene glycol)**

average  $M_n$  ~2,700



202312

**Poly(propylene glycol)**

average  $M_n$  ~725



202304

**Poly(propylene glycol)**

average  $M_n$  ~425

- 202339  
**Poly(propylene glycol)**  
average  $M_n \sim 2,000$
  
- 202320  
**Poly(propylene glycol)**  
average  $M_n \sim 1,000$
  
- 406686  
**Poly(propylene glycol) bis(2-aminopropyl ether)**  
average  $M_n \sim 2,000$
  
- 406694  
**Poly(propylene glycol) bis(2-aminopropyl ether)**  
average  $M_n \sim 4,000$
  
- 406678  
**Poly(propylene glycol) bis(2-aminopropyl ether)**  
average  $M_n \sim 400$
  
- 406651  
**Poly(propylene glycol) bis(2-aminopropyl ether)**  
average  $M_n \sim 230$
  
- 406732  
**Poly(propylene glycol) diglycidyl ether**  
average  $M_n \sim 380$
  
- 408352  
**Poly(propylene glycol) methacrylate**  
average  $M_n \sim 375$
  
- 438111  
**Poly(propylene glycol) monobutyl ether**  
average  $M_n \sim 1,000$
  
- 438146  
**Poly(propylene glycol) monobutyl ether**  
average  $M_n \sim 2,500$
  
- 433497  
**Poly(propylene glycol), tolylene 2,4-diisocyanate terminated**  
average  $M_n \sim 2,300$  (narrow MW distribution), isocyanate  $\sim 3.6$  wt. %



182869

**Poly(styrene-co-acrylonitrile)**

average  $M_w$  ~185,000 by GPC, acrylonitrile 30 wt. %, powder



182850

**Poly(styrene-co-acrylonitrile)**

average  $M_w$  ~165,000 by GPC, acrylonitrile 25 wt. %, pellets



81377

**Poly(tetrafluoroethylene)**

beads



430935

**Poly(tetrafluoroethylene)**

powder (free-flowing), 1  $\mu\text{m}$  particle size



430943

**Poly(tetrafluoroethylene)**

powder (free-flowing),  $\leq 12$   $\mu\text{m}$  particle size



468096

**Poly(tetrafluoroethylene)**

powder, 35  $\mu\text{m}$  particle size



182478

**Poly(tetrafluoroethylene)**

powder,  $>40$   $\mu\text{m}$  particle size



737992

**Poly(tetrafluoroethylene)**

powder, 200  $\mu\text{m}$  particle size



738670

**Poly(tetrafluoroethylene)**

powder,  $\geq 350$   $\mu\text{m}$  particle size



345296

**Poly(tetrahydrofuran)**

average  $M_n$  ~1,000



345334

**Poly(tetrahydrofuran)**

average  $M_n$  ~2,900



345326

**Poly(tetrahydrofuran)**

average  $M_n \sim 2,000$ , contains BHT as stabilizer



189553

**Poly(vinyl chloride) carboxylated**

average  $M_w \sim 220,000$  by GPC, powder



182745

**Poly(vinyl methyl ketone)**

average  $M_w \sim 500,000$  by GPC



182532

**Poly(vinylbenzyl chloride), 60/40 mixture of 3- and 4-isomers**

average  $M_n \sim 55,000$ , average  $M_w \sim 100,000$  by GPC/MALLS, powder



427187

**Poly(vinylidene fluoride-co-hexafluoropropylene)**

pellets



427160

**Poly(vinylidene fluoride-co-hexafluoropropylene)**

average  $M_w \sim 400,000$ , average  $M_n \sim 130,000$ , pellets



427179

**Poly(vinylidene fluoride-co-hexafluoropropylene)**

average  $M_w \sim 455,000$ , average  $M_n \sim 110,000$ , pellets



347078

**Poly(vinylidene fluoride)**

average  $M_w \sim 530,000$ , pellets

347078

**Poly(vinylidene fluoride)**

average  $M_w \sim 530,000$ , pellets



182702

**Poly(vinylidene fluoride)**

average  $M_w \sim 534,000$  by GPC, powder



427152

**Poly(vinylidene fluoride)**

average  $M_w \sim 180,000$  by GPC, average  $M_n \sim 71,000$ , beads or pellets



205397

**Polychloroprene**

85% *trans*, 10% *cis*



700207

**Polyetherimide**

melt index 18 g/10 min (337 °C/6.6kg)



700193

**Polyetherimide**

melt index 9 g/10 min (337 °C/6.6kg)



428043

**Polyethylene**

low density, melt index 25 g/10 min (190°C/2.16kg)



427772

**Polyethylene**

average  $M_w$  ~4,000 by GPC, average  $M_n$  ~1,700 by GPC



547999

**Polyethylene**

High density, melt index 2.2 g/10 min (190 °C/2.16kg)



434264

**Polyethylene**

Ultra-high molecular weight, surface-modified, powder, 125  $\mu$ m avg. part. size



434272

**Polyethylene**

Ultra-high molecular weight, surface-modified, powder, 34-50  $\mu$ m particle size



429015

**Polyethylene**

Ultra-high molecular weight, average  $M_w$  3,000,000-6,000,000



427985

**Polyethylene**

High density, melt index 12 g/10 min (190 °C/2.16kg)



428078

**Polyethylene**

Linear low density, melt index 1.0 g/10 min (190°C/2.16kg)



332119

**Polyethylene**

Medium density



428116

**Polypropylene**

Isotactic, average  $M_w$  ~12,000, average  $M_n$  ~5,000



427888

**Polypropylene**

Isotactic, average  $M_w$  ~250,000, average  $M_n$  ~67,000



428175

**Polypropylene**

Amorphous



427861

**Polypropylene**

Isotactic, average  $M_w$  ~340,000, average  $M_n$  ~97,000



81350

**Polypropylene glycol**

P 400

81380

**Polypropylene glycol**

P 2,000



182389

**Polypropylene, isotactic**

average  $M_w$  ~250,000 by GPC



665800

**Polytetrafluoroethylene preparation**

60 wt % dispersion in  $H_2O$



677388

**Polyvinylcyclohexane**



528072

**Propylene glycol diacetate**

≥99.7%

# Hydrophilic Polymers



Hydrophilic, or water-resistant polymers, are materials that are insoluble in water or other polar solvents and include acrylics, epoxies, polyethylene, polystyrene, polyvinylchloride, polytetrafluorethylene, polydimethylsiloxane, polyesters, and polyurethanes. Our hydrophilic polymers are used as coatings, adhesives, fibers, films, and engineering plastics. Moreover, they are extensively employed as **biomedical polymers** for vascular grafts, implants, drug delivery, and ophthalmic applications.

Breakthroughs feel closer than ever with our comprehensive portfolio of hydrophilic polymers, classified according to chemical class and monomer functionality.

## ACRYLIC POLYMERS

Acrylics include various acrylic, acrylonitrile, acrylamide, and maleic anhydride polymers. These homo- and co-polymers have rigid, flexible, hydrophilic, or hydrophobic properties. Most of these polymers are thermoplastics and can be readily converted into a desired shape by a thermal process. Hence, they are commonly used in polymer coatings, adhesives, and fibers.

## ETHER POLYMERS

Ethers have ether functionality in the main chain. They tend to be flexible and provide impact resistance to bulk properties. Many polyethers have functional groups at their chain ends and are used to prepare higher molecular weight polymers. Thus, they could also be classified as macromonomers and are commonly used in the preparation of polyesters and polyurethanes. Poly(propylene glycol) polymers and oligomers (DOWANOL®) are included in this category.

## FLUOROCARBON POLYMERS

Fluorocarbon polymers are unique materials in that the polymer is not "wet" by hydrophilic or hydrophobic materials. They have very low coefficients of friction and have outstanding chemical and thermal resistance properties. Copolymers can be melt-processed more readily than poly(tetra-fluoroethylene).

## POLYSTYRENE POLYMERS

Polystyrene and its copolymers have found important applications as films, foams, and structural components. Copolymers with diene monomers are cross-linked to improve

physical properties and generate thermoplastic elastomers. Polystyrene film is highly transparent to visible radiation and has a high refractive index.

## **POLY(VINYL CHLORIDE)(PVC) POLYMERS**

Poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC) is often highly plasticized to improve rheology for melt processing. It is highly susceptible to UV and high-temperature degradation and stabilizers are commonly added.

## **POLY(N-VINYLPYRROLIDONE)(PVP) POLYMERS**

Poly(N-vinylpyrrolidone) (PVP) is a polar polymer with excellent film-forming and adhesion properties. It is commonly used in formulating hair sprays and hand creams as well as in the textile industry due to its affinity for many dyestuffs. PVP is a biocompatible polymer that has been used as a blood plasma substitute, although this application is becoming uncommon.

913235

### **Acetylated branched polyethylenimine solution 20% solution**

20% acetylation, suitable for biomedical research



913375

### **Branched polyethylenimine solution**

2mg/mL aqueous solution, suitable for biomedical research



545198

### **Cucurbit[5]uril hydrate**

contains acid of crystalization



545201

### **Cucurbit[7]uril hydrate**

contains acid of crystalization



545228

### **Cucurbit[8]uril hydrate**

contains acid of crystalization



919012

### **PEI Prime™ linear polyethylenimine**

suitable for gene delivery



458627

### **Poly[bis(2-chloroethyl) ether-*alt*-1,3-bis[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]urea] quaternized, solution**

62 wt. % in H<sub>2</sub>O



373974

### **Poly(2-ethyl-2-oxazoline)**



average  $M_w$  ~500,000, PDI 3-4



372846

**Poly(2-ethyl-2-oxazoline)**

average  $M_w$  ~50,000, PDI 3-4



741884

**Poly(2-ethyl-2-oxazoline)**

average  $M_n$  20,000, PDI <1.4



740713

**Poly(2-ethyl-2-oxazoline)**

average  $M_n$  5,000, PDI  $\leq$ 1.3



741906

**Poly(2-ethyl-2-oxazoline)**

average  $M_n$  10,000, PDI  $\leq$ 1.5



773360

**Poly(2-ethyl-2-oxazoline)  $\alpha$ -methyl,  $\omega$ -2-hydroxyethylamine terminated**

average  $M_n$  2,000, PDI  $\leq$ 1.2



795283

**Poly(2-methyl-2-oxazoline), hydroxy terminated**

average  $M_n$  5,000, PDI <1.3



283215

**Poly(allylamine hydrochloride)**

average  $M_w$  ~17,500 (GPC vs. PEG std.)



283223

**Poly(allylamine hydrochloride)**

average  $M_w$  50,000



479136

**Poly(allylamine) solution**

20 wt. % in H<sub>2</sub>O



479144

**Poly(allylamine) solution**

average  $M_w$  ~65,000, 10 wt. % in H<sub>2</sub>O



409030

**Poly(diallyldimethylammonium chloride) solution**

average  $M_w$  400,000-500,000 (high molecular weight), 20 wt. % in  $H_2O$



409022

**Poly(diallyldimethylammonium chloride) solution**

average  $M_w$  200,000-350,000 (medium molecular weight), 20 wt. % in  $H_2O$

188050

**Poly(ethylene-*alt*-maleic anhydride)**

average  $M_w$  100,000-500,000, powder



482595

**Poly(ethyleneimine) solution**

average  $M_n$  ~1,200, average  $M_w$  ~1300 by LS, 50 wt. % in  $H_2O$



181978

**Poly(ethyleneimine) solution**

average  $M_n$  ~60,000 by GPC, average  $M_w$  ~750,000 by LS, 50 wt. % in  $H_2O$



408700

**Poly(ethyleneimine) solution**

average  $M_w$  2,000 by LS, 50 wt. % in  $H_2O$



03880

**Poly(ethyleneimine) solution**

~50% in  $H_2O$



181099

**Poly(methyl vinyl ether-*alt*-maleic acid)**

average  $M_w$  ~1,980,000 by LS, average  $M_n$  ~960,000, powder



191124

**Poly(methyl vinyl ether-*alt*-maleic acid)**

average  $M_w$  ~216,000 by LS, average  $M_n$  ~80,000, powder



416320

**Poly(methyl vinyl ether-*alt*-maleic anhydride)**

average  $M_w$  ~1,080,000, average  $M_n$  ~311,000



416339

**Poly(methyl vinyl ether-*alt*-maleic anhydride)**

average  $M_w$  ~216,000, average  $M_n$  ~80,000



662631

**Poly(styrene-*alt*-maleic acid) sodium salt solution**

13 wt. % in  $H_2O$



444464

**Polyanetholesulfonic acid sodium salt**



764647

**Polyethylenimine hydrochloride**

linear, average  $M_n$  10,000, PDI  $\leq 1.5$



764892

**Polyethylenimine hydrochloride**

linear, average  $M_n$  4,000, PDI  $\leq 1.3$



764965

**Polyethylenimine hydrochloride**

linear, average  $M_n$  15,000, PDI  $< 1.4$



306185

**Polyethylenimine, 80% ethoxylated solution**

37 wt. % in  $H_2O$



408719

**Polyethylenimine, branched**

average  $M_w$   $\sim 800$  by LS, average  $M_n$   $\sim 600$  by GPC



408727

**Polyethylenimine, branched**

average  $M_w$   $\sim 25,000$  by LS, average  $M_n$   $\sim 10,000$  by GPC, branched



765090

**Polyethylenimine, linear**

average  $M_n$  10,000, PDI  $\leq 1.3$



764604

**Polyethylenimine, linear**

average  $M_n$  2100, PDI  $< 1.3$



764582

**Polyethylenimine, linear**

average  $M_n$  5,000, PDI  $\leq 1.3$

901034

**Polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) blend printing filament**

1.75 mm



901031

**Polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) printing filament**

2.85 mm



901029

**Polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) printing filament**

1.75 mm

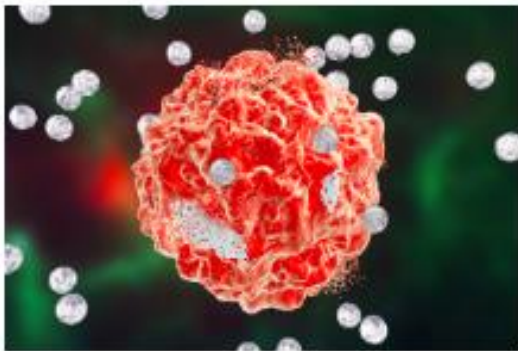


900354

**Ultroxa®: Poly(2-methyl-2-oxazoline) azide terminated**

average  $M_n$  10,000, PDI  $\leq 1.2$

## Polymeric Microspheres & Nanoparticles



Novel **drug delivery systems** based on polymeric nanoparticles and microspheres as well as liposomes have demonstrated great potential in enhancing therapeutic effects of drugs. **Biodegradable polymers** with strong biocompatibilities such as poly(lactic-co-glycolic acid) (PLGA), polylactic acid (PLA), and polycaprolactone (PCL) have been widely used in developing particulate drug delivery systems. Active pharmaceutical ingredients (APIs), whether small molecules or **biologic compounds**, can be encapsulated into microspheres and nanoparticles or attached to a particle's surface for specific drug delivery applications such as sustained release, targeted drug delivery, and protection of APIs from premature degradation. Upon administering drug-loaded biodegradable nanoparticles and microparticles, the biocompatible polymer degrades *in vivo* by hydrolysis of the ester backbone into non-toxic products. The drug release rate can be modulated by selecting the right type of polymer and adjusting the encapsulation process.

805173

**Green Fluorescent PLGA microspheres**

25  $\mu\text{m}$  average diameter



805181

**Green Fluorescent PLGA microspheres**

2  $\mu\text{m}$  average diameter



805165

**Green Fluorescent PLGA microspheres**

50  $\mu\text{m}$  average diameter



805300

**Green Fluorescent PLGA nanoparticles**

500 nm average diameter



805211

**Green Fluorescent PLGA nanoparticles**

200 nm average diameter



805157

**Green Fluorescent PLGA nanoparticles**

100 nm average diameter



PCL20K

**PCL Microspheres**

20  $\mu\text{m}$  average diameter



PCL30K

**PCL Microspheres**

30  $\mu\text{m}$  average diameter



PCL50K

**PCL Microspheres**

50  $\mu\text{m}$  average diameter



805114

**PLGA microspheres**

25  $\mu\text{m}$  average diameter



805122

**PLGA microspheres**

50  $\mu\text{m}$  average diameter



805130

**PLGA microspheres**

2  $\mu\text{m}$  average diameter



LG30K

**PLGA microspheres**

30 µm average diameter



LG40K

**PLGA microspheres**

40 µm average diameter



LG1000

**PLGA microspheres**

1 µm average diameter



LG5000

**PLGA microspheres**

5 µm average diameter



LG10K

**PLGA microspheres**

10 µm average diameter



LG20K

**PLGA microspheres**

20 µm average diameter



805106

**PLGA nanoparticles**

200 nm average diameter



805149

**PLGA nanoparticles**

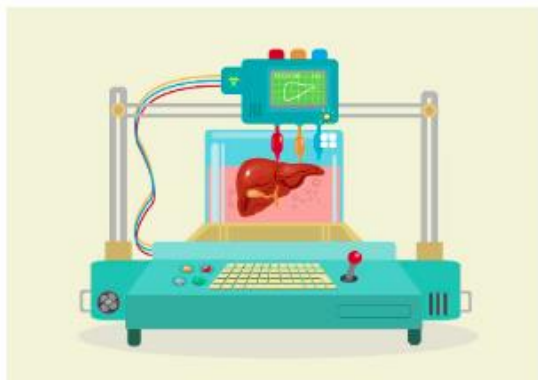
500 nm average diameter

805092

**PLGA nanoparticles**

100 nm average diameter

# 3D Bioprinting



3D bioprinting is a novel technology that enables the generation of precisely controlled 3D tissue constructs with tissue-like complexity. 3D bioprinting is an additive manufacturing process which utilizes 3D printing techniques to build up materials and generate 3D tissue constructs in a layer by layer fashion.

Bioink, the material used in 3D bioprinting, contains living cells and **biomaterials** that mimic the extracellular matrix (**ECM**) environment to support cell adhesion, proliferation, and differentiation after printing. This emerging innovation has the potential to solve many critical unmet needs in medical research, with applications in cosmetics testing, drug discovery, *in vitro* models, and functional organ replacement.

We offer a comprehensive portfolio of biocompatible fit-for-purpose polymers, water-soluble photoinitiators, and additives specifically for 3D bioprinting and tissue engineering applications. Many of these specialty materials contain moieties that enable easy and fast crosslinking by exposure to UV or visible light, changes in pH, thermal methods like sample warming, or even by exposure to **culture media**.

## PRODUCT FEATURES

- Our wide range of functionalized synthetic polymers with reactive end groups facilitate fabrication of functional hydrogels, even for those with limited chemistry knowledge.
- Our natural polymers, such as hyaluronic acid, chitosan, gelatin, alginate, and their derivatives, contain cross-linkable functional groups to recapitulate both mechanical and biochemical properties of the native extracellular matrix, and have the necessary surface chemistry for cell attachment, proliferation, and differentiation.
- Our thermally processable biodegradable polymers, such as polycaprolactones, polylactides and PLGAs, can be used for fabricating rigid structures. These materials have high strength and rigidity and provide structural support for tissue constructs designed to replicate bone.
- We are continuously adding to our ready-to-use bioinks for extrusion type 3D bioprinting. Our bioinks are based on a variety of biomaterials, including natural polymers, decellularized extracellular matrix, synthetic polymers and synthetic peptides.

## TISSUEFAB® BIOINKS

Our TissueFab® bioinks offer a complete suite of ready-to-use bioink formulations with step-by-step protocols are optimized for high printing fidelity, cell viability, and batch-to-batch reproducibility.

933872

**Carboxymethyl cellulose glycidyl methacrylate**

Degree of methacrylation ~10%



928623

**Chamfered tips**

33G, 0.25", 25/box, black



930024

**Hyaluronic acid adipic dihydrazide (HA-ADH)**



934119

**Ovine collagen**

SPDP functionalized, low endotoxin



934070

**Ovine collagen**

3 mg/ml solution, low endotoxin



934100

**Ovine collagen**

maleimide functionalized, low endotoxin



934097

**Ovine collagen**

methacrylate functionalized, low endotoxin



934089

**Ovine collagen**

lyophilized, low endotoxin



925217

**TissueFab® - low endotoxin GelMA-UV bioink**

0.2 µm filtered, suitable for 3D bioprinting applications



905410

**TissueFab® bioink**

Alg(Gel)ma -UV/365 nm



934178

**TissueFab® bioink**



(GelHAHep)MA Vis/405 nm, low endotoxin



919926

**TissueFab® bioink**

Crosslinking solution, low endotoxin



934437

**TissueFab® bioink**

(GelHep)MA Vis/ 405nm, low endotoxin



906905

**TissueFab® bioink**

Sacrificial



905429

**TissueFab® bioink**

(Gel)ma -UV/365 nm



926035

**TissueFab® bioink Bone UV/365 nm**



926086

**TissueFab® bioink Bone Vis/405 nm**



926078

**TissueFab® bioink Conductive**

Vis/405 nm, low endotoxin



926000

**TissueFab® bioink kit**

(Gel)ma Laminin -Vis/405 nm, low endotoxin



926019

**TissueFab® bioink kit**

(Gel)ma Fibronectin -Vis/405 nm, low endotoxin

927074

**TissueFab® bioink kit**

(Gel)ma Fibrin (Vis/405), low endotoxin



934135

**TissueFab® Sodium Persulfate Solution**

low endotoxin

# Drug Delivery Formulations and Technologies



## DRUG DELIVERY FORMULATION AND PARTICLE SYNTHESIS MADE SIMPLE

Drug delivery formulations are essential for the delivery, efficacy and stability of many active pharmaceutical ingredients (APIs) and have become exceedingly important with recent advancements in therapeutics, including mRNA vaccines and other nucleic acids.

Our NanoFabTx™ formulation kits are designed for facile and reproducible synthesis of nano- to micro-sized drug-loaded particles. Detailed protocols with step-by-step instructions are provided for nanoformulation development, eliminating the need for lengthy trial-and-error optimization. NanoFabTx™ formulation kits and lipid mixes can be used with traditional nanoprecipitation or extrusion methods or can be combined with the NanoFabTx™ microfluidic device kits for rapid synthesis of well-defined drug delivery particles.

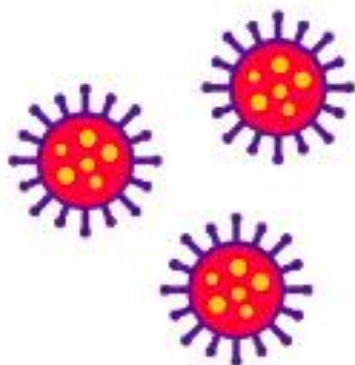
---

Potential applications of our NanoFabTx™ platform include:

- Delivery of small molecules and nucleic acids
- Screening and selection of optimal formulations for liposomes, nanoparticles, and microparticles
- Optimal particle size control and determination
- Drug-loading capacity and efficiency optimization

## NanoFabTx™ Polymer Drug Formulation Kits for Drug-Encapsulated Particles Synthesis

Our NanoFabTx™ Drug Formulation Kits are designed to prepare specifically-sized polymeric micro- and nanoparticles for small molecule drug delivery. Each kit contains rationally selected polymers developed and tested by our formulation scientists. Our NanoFabTx™ Formulation Screening Kits make polymer selection and optimization easy by providing multiple polymers to choose from including PEGylated and non-PEGylated biodegradable polymers PLA, PLGA, and PCL.



## NanoFabTx™ Lipid Mixes for Liposome Production

Liposomes are widely used for a range of therapeutics including small molecules, nucleic acids (mRNA, siRNA, DNA), proteins, and peptides. Our NanoFabTx™ lipid formulation mixes are curated lipid blends for liposome preparation. We offer a variety of lipid mixes to best suit your nanoformulation needs including PEGylated, cationic, and functionalized liposomes.



## NanoFabTx™ Microfluidic Device Kits for Polymeric and Lipid Nanoparticle Synthesis

Microfluidic devices provide a platform for rapid and reproducible microparticle, nanoparticle, lipid nanoparticle, and liposome fabrication. Unlike traditional methods, microfluidics-based nanoparticle synthesis results in controlled particle size and small size distribution and can easily be scaled up to produce larger batch sizes needed for preclinical trials.

Our NanoFabTx™ microfluidic device kits include a pre-assembled microfluidic glass chip, tubing and accessories and can be directly connected to a

syringe pump or pressurized pump system, such as Dolomite Microfluidics MitoS P-Pump. The NanoFabTx™ microfluidic device kits are designed to work together with our NanoFabTx™ drug formulation kits and lipid mixes.



935468

**Aldehyde functionalized hyaluronic acid**

Degree of functionalization ~40%



935441

**Aldehyde functionalized hyaluronic acid**

Degree of functionalization ~20%



936359

**Chondroitin Sulfate A Methacrylate**

15% methacrylated



935166

**Hyaluronic acid**

acid form, average  $M_w$  25,000



930180

**Linear polyglycerol solution**

average  $M_n$  10,000, in  $H_2O$



934631

**Microneedle loader set**



934623

**Microneedle spring applicator set**



934461

**Microneedle template**

10x10 array, H 500  $\mu m$ , base size 150  $\mu m$ , 500  $\mu m$  pitch



934453

**Microneedle template**

10x10 array, H 400  $\mu m$ , base size 150  $\mu m$ , 500  $\mu m$  pitch



934593

**Microneedle template**

6x6 array, H 800  $\mu m$ , base size 250  $\mu m$ , 500 $\mu m$  pitch



930113

**NanoFabTx™ - COOH Lipid Mix**

for synthesis of carboxyl functionalized liposomes



934216

**NanoFabTx™ - Mannose Lipid Mix**

for synthesis of mannose-targeted liposomes



924512

**NanoFabTX™ - NH<sub>2</sub> Lipid Mix**

for synthesis of amine functionalized liposomes



922420

**NanoFabTx™ - PEG Lipid Mix**

for synthesis of PEGylated liposomes



934194

**NanoFabTx™ - PEG-RGD Lipid Mix**

for synthesis of PEGylated RGD-functionalized liposomes



926345

**NanoFabTx™-DC-Chol Lipid Mix**

for synthesis of cationic (DC-cholesterol) liposomes



926027

**NanoFabTx™-DOTAP Lipid Mix**

for synthesis of cationic (DOTAP) liposomes



934208

**NanoFabTx™ DBCO Lipid Mix**

for synthesis of DBCO-functionalized liposomes



916609

**NanoFabTx™ device accessory**

end fittings for 1.6 mm tubings



917230

**NanoFabTx™ device accessory**

interface H

916986

**NanoFabTx™ device accessory**

top interface



916862

**NanoFabTx™ device accessory**

tubing, 100 µm FEP, 10 m, with ferrules



917877

**NanoFabTx™ device accessory**

in line filter



917737

**NanoFabTx™ materials screening kit**

for synthesis of polymeric nanoparticles



911860

**NanoFabTx™ microfluidic - micro**

device kit for synthesis of 1-5 µm particles



911879

**NanoFabTx™ microfluidic - micro**

device kit for synthesis of 10-30 µm particles



911593

**NanoFabTx™ microfluidic - nano**

device kit for synthesis of 100-200 nm nanoparticles and liposomes



912298

**NanoFabTx™ microfluidic chip**

for 10-30 µm particles



911925

**NanoFabTx™ microfluidic chip**

for 1-5 µm particles



911917

**NanoFabTx™ microfluidic chip**

for 100-200 nm particles



933090

**NanoFabTx™ NanoFlash PEG-PCL drug formulation screening kit**

for CIJ synthesis of nanoparticles



918881

**NanoFabTx™ PEG-PCL drug formulation screening kit**

for synthesis of PEGylated nanoparticles



920436

**NanoFabTx™ PEG-PLA drug formulation screening kit**

for synthesis of PEGylated nanoparticles



917796

**NanoFabTx™ PEG-PLGA drug formulation screening kit**

for synthesis of PEGylated nanoparticles



915408

**NanoFabTx™ PEGylated nanoparticle formulation screening kit**



918075

**NanoFabTx™ PLA-nano**

for synthesis of 100 and 200 nm particles



912212

**NanoFabTx™ PLGA-micro**

for synthesis of 10-30  $\mu$ m particles



912220

**NanoFabTx™ PLGA-micro**

for synthesis of 1-5  $\mu$ m particles



909637

**NanoFabTx™ PLGA-nano**

for synthesis of 100 and 200 nm particles



917788

**NanoFabTx™ reagent**

PEGPCL-UH

919942

**NanoFabTx™ reagent**

PEGPLA-L-M



919934

**NanoFabTx™ reagent**

PEGPLA-H-M



912808

**NanoFabTx™ reagent**

PEGPLGA-50L



912549

**NanoFabTx™ reagent**

PEGPCL-H



913308

**NanoFabTx™ reagent**

PEGPLA-L



911305

**NanoFabTx™ reagent**

Stabilizer-F



915718

**NanoFabTx™ reagent**

PEGPLGA-75H



915203

**NanoFabTx™ reagent**

PEGPCL-L



915955

**NanoFabTx™ reagent**

PEGPLGA-50H



913049

**NanoFabTx™ reagent**

PEGPLGA-75L



907782

**NanoFabTx™ reagent**

PLGA-Nano



916382

**NanoFabTx™ reagent**

PCL Nano



929638

**Poly(ethylene glycol) diacrylamide**

$M_n$  3400, contains MEHQ as stabilizer



935921

**Poly(glycerol sebacate)**



936227

**Poly(propylene fumarate)**

contains contains ~20 wt% diethyl fumarate & 250 ppm MEHQ as inhibitor



934550

**Silyl-ether based ROMP monomer**

iPrSi



934542

**Silyl-ether based ROMP Monomer**

PhSi



934127

**TissueFab® bioink SilkGel -Vis/405nm SPS crosslinking kit, low endotoxin**



Алматы (7273)495-231  
Ангарск (3955)60-70-56  
Архангельск (8182)63-90-72  
Астрахань (8512)99-46-04  
Барнаул (3852)73-04-60  
Белгород (4722)40-23-64  
Благовещенск (4162)22-76-07  
Брянск (4832)59-03-52  
Владивосток (423)249-28-31  
Владикавказ (8672)28-90-48  
Владимир (4922)49-43-18  
Волгоград (844)278-03-48  
Вологда (8172)26-41-59  
Воронеж (473)204-51-73  
Екатеринбург (343)384-55-89

Иваново (4932)77-34-06  
Ижевск (3412)26-03-58  
Иркутск (395)279-98-46  
Казань (843)206-01-48  
Калининград (4012)72-03-81  
Калуга (4842)92-23-67  
Кемерово (3842)65-04-62  
Киров (8332)68-02-04  
Коломна (4966)23-41-49  
Кострома (4942)77-07-48  
Краснодар (861)203-40-90  
Красноярск (391)204-63-61  
Курск (4712)77-13-04  
Курган (3522)50-90-47  
Липецк (4742)52-20-81

Магнитогорск (3519)55-03-13  
Москва (495)268-04-70  
Мурманск (8152)59-64-93  
Набережные Челны (8552)20-53-41  
Нижний Новгород (831)429-08-12  
Новокузнецк (3843)20-46-81  
Ноябрьск (3496)41-32-12  
Новосибирск (383)227-86-73  
Омск (3812)21-46-40  
Орел (4862)44-53-42  
Оренбург (3532)37-68-04  
Пенза (8412)22-31-16  
Петрозаводск (8142)55-98-37  
Псков (8112)59-10-37

Пермь (342)205-81-47  
Ростов-на-Дону (863)308-18-15  
Рязань (4912)46-61-64  
Самара (846)206-03-16  
Саранск (8342)22-96-24  
Санкт-Петербург (812)309-46-40  
Саратов (845)249-38-78  
Севастополь (8692)22-31-93  
Симферополь (3652)67-13-56  
Смоленск (4812)29-41-54  
Сочи (862)225-72-31  
Ставрополь (8652)20-65-13  
Сургут (3462)77-98-35  
Сыктывкар (8212)25-95-17  
Тамбов (4752)50-40-97

Тверь (4822)63-31-35  
Тольятти (8482)63-91-07  
Томск (3822)98-41-53  
Тула (4872)33-79-87  
Тюмень (3452)66-21-18  
Ульяновск (8422)24-23-59  
Улан-Удэ (3012)59-97-51  
Уфа (347)229-48-12  
Хабаровск (4212)92-98-04  
Чебоксары (8352)28-53-07  
Челябинск (351)202-03-61  
Череповец (8202)49-02-64  
Чита (3022)38-34-83  
Якутск (4112)23-90-97  
Ярославль (4852)69-52-93

Россия +7(495)268-04-70

Казахстан +7(7172)727-132

Киргизия +996(312)96-26-47

[www.sigmaaldrich.nt-rt.ru](http://www.sigmaaldrich.nt-rt.ru) | | [scx@nt-rt.ru](mailto:scx@nt-rt.ru)